







MILAN SEPTEMBER 21&22,2023





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Commissural alignment and coronary access

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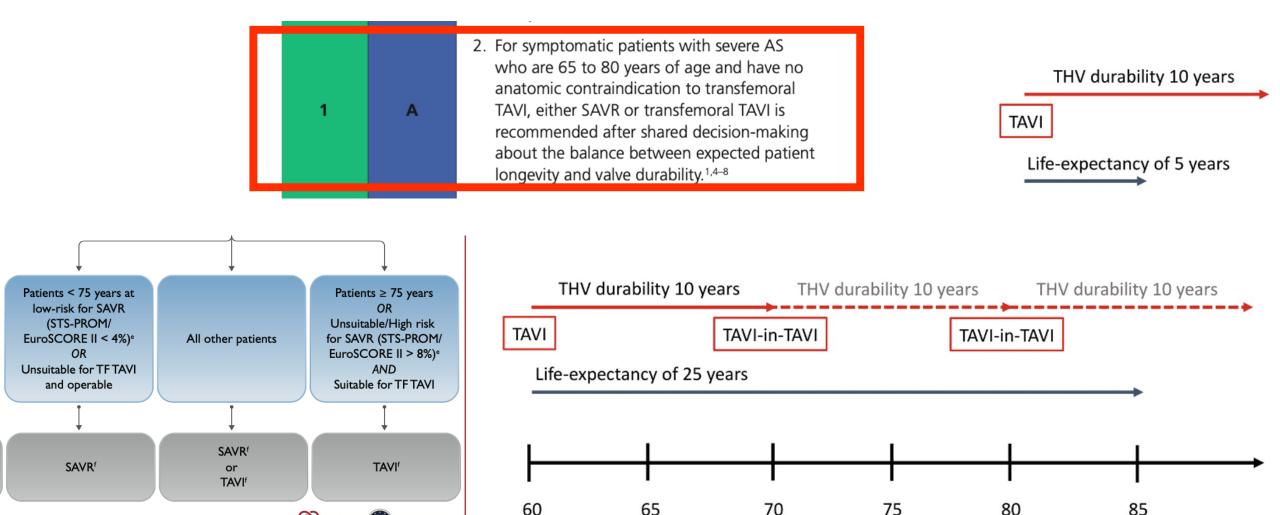


FACULTY DISCLOSURE

I disclose the following financial relationships: Consultant for Medtronic, Edwards Lifescience and Abbott

Introduction

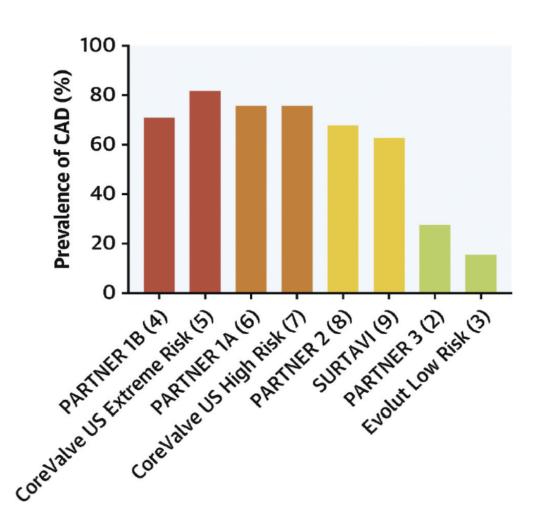
ESC EΔCTS



Is coronary access important after TAVR?

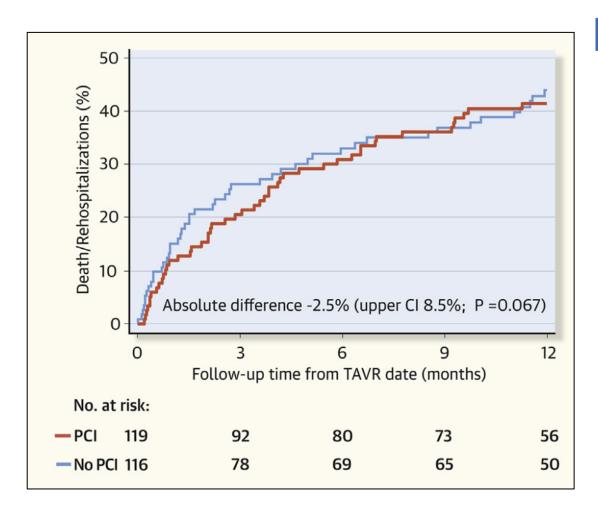
30-75% of TAVR patients have co-existent CAD

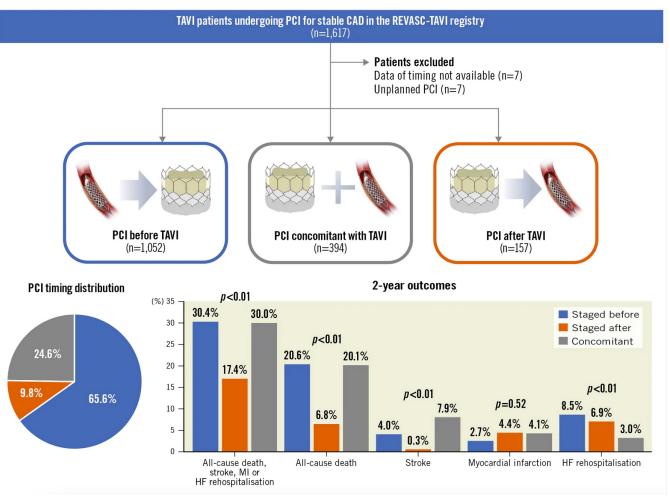
Incidence of coronary events is anticipated to increase with age



Is coronary access important after TAVR?

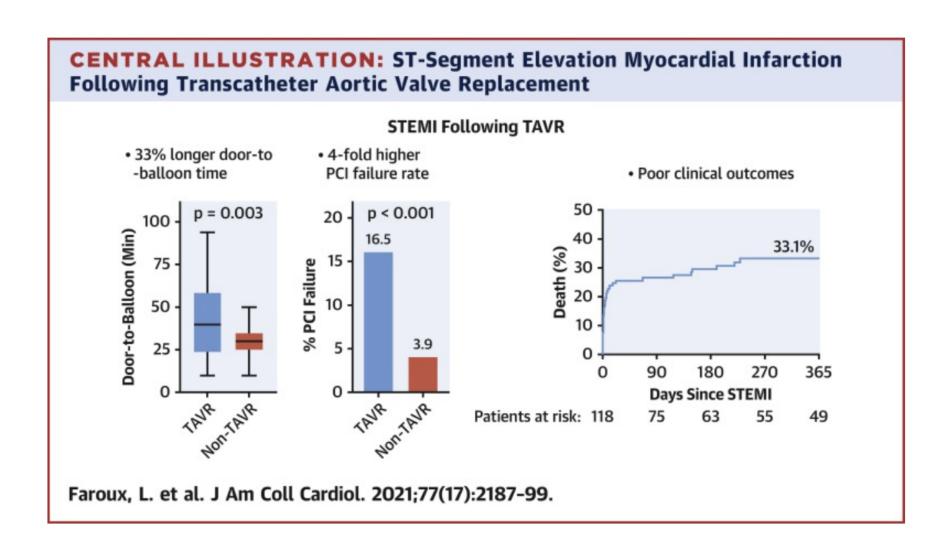
RCT of PCI pre-TAVR



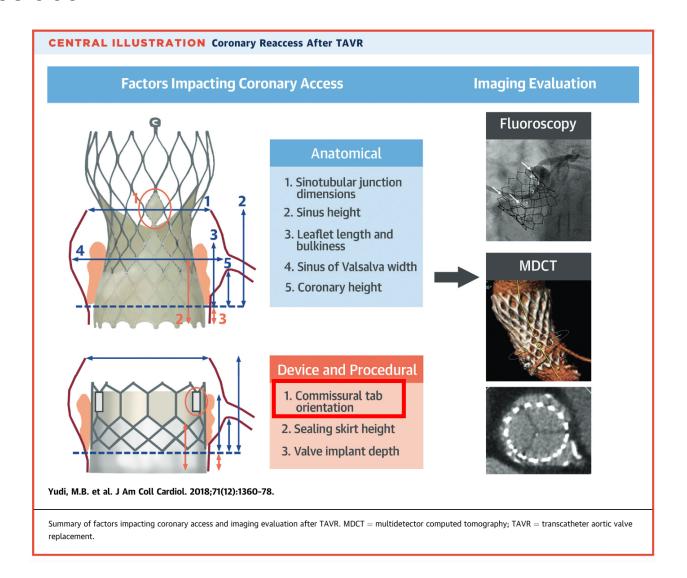


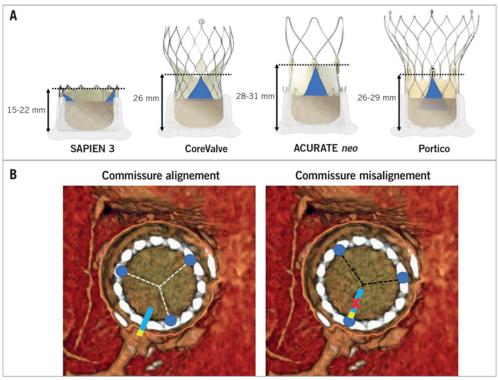
Prognosis of coronary events after TAVR

Incidence of ACS up to 2 years following TAVR = 10%



Why coronary access may be challenging following TAVR?





What is commissural (mis)alignment?

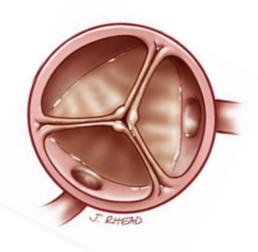
0°-15.0°

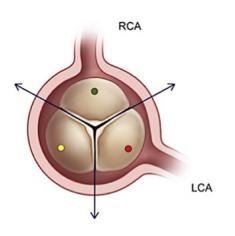
15.1°-30.0°

30.1°-45.0°

45.1°-60.0°

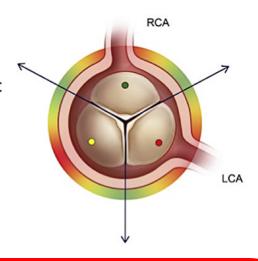
Mild CMA



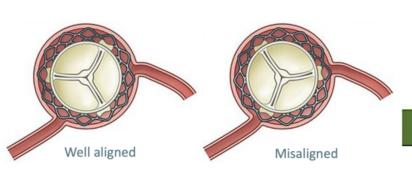


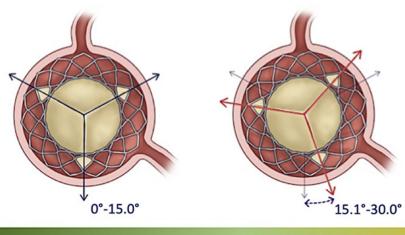
Commissural alignment

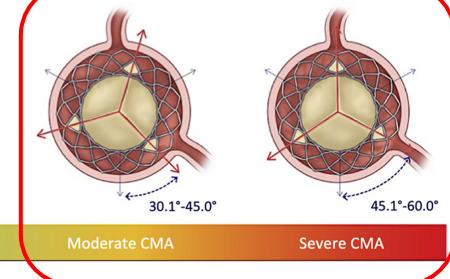
commissural alignment mild CMA moderate CMA severe CMA



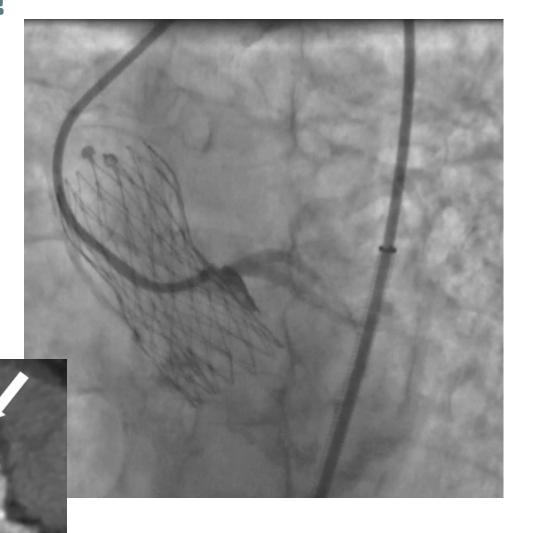
Normal native tri-leaflet valve

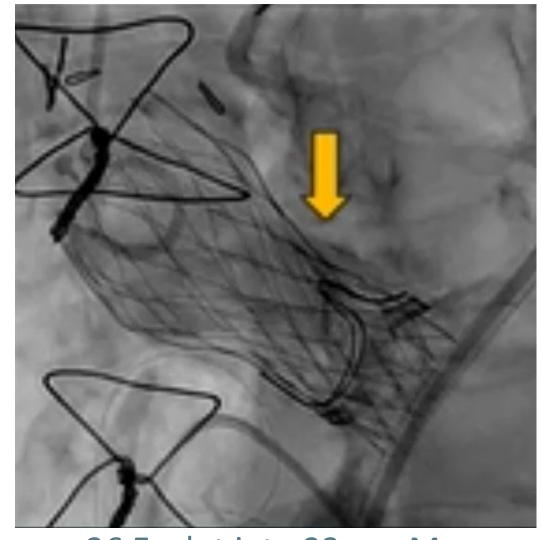






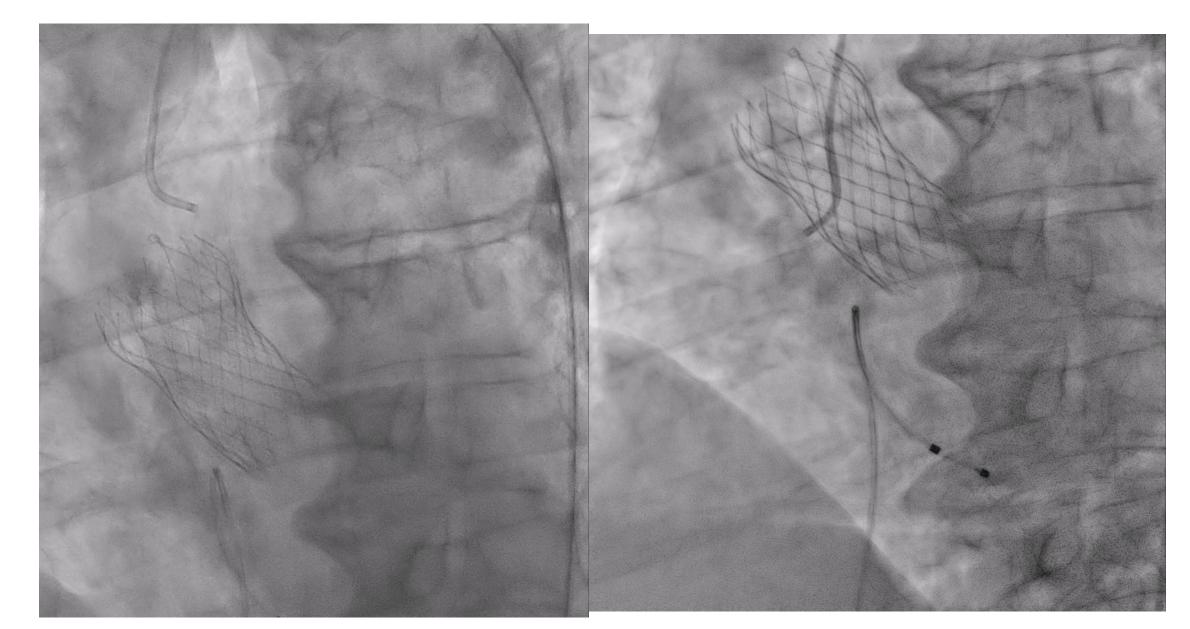
Why coronary access may be challenging following TAVR?





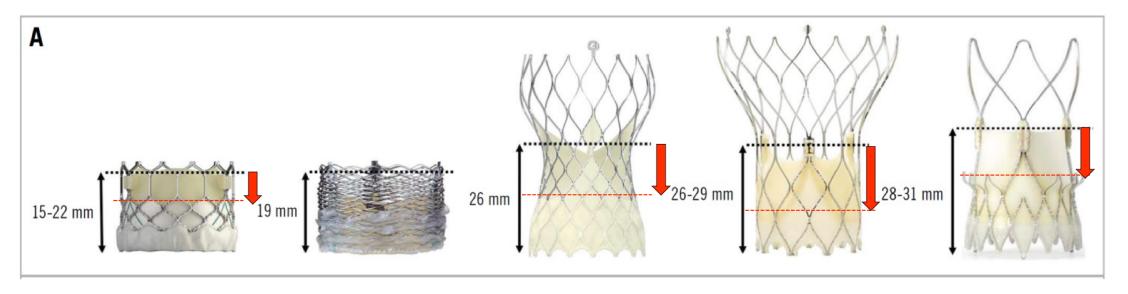
26 Evolut into 23mm Magna

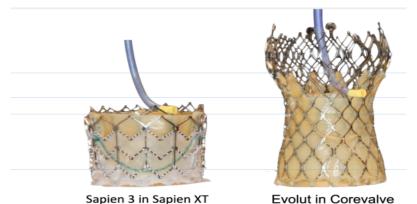
Coronary access and commissural alignment



Commissural alignment and redoTAVR

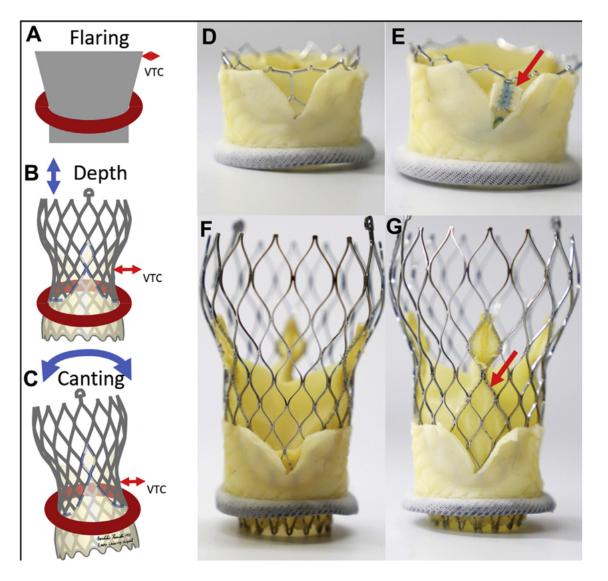
Increase likelihood of redo TAVR by reducing risk of sinus sequestration and coronary obstruction



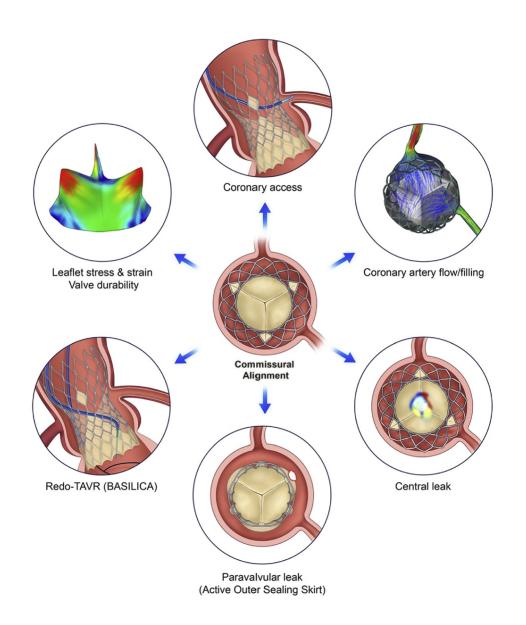


Tarantini G et al. Eurointervention 2020;16:e129-32

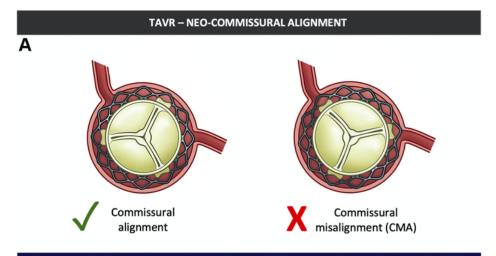
Commissural alignment and ViV



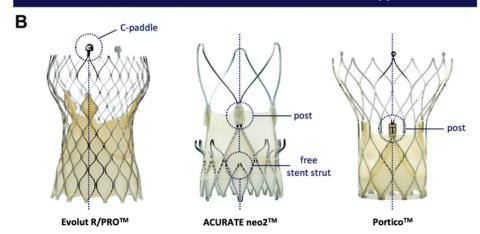
Commissural alignment beyond coronary access



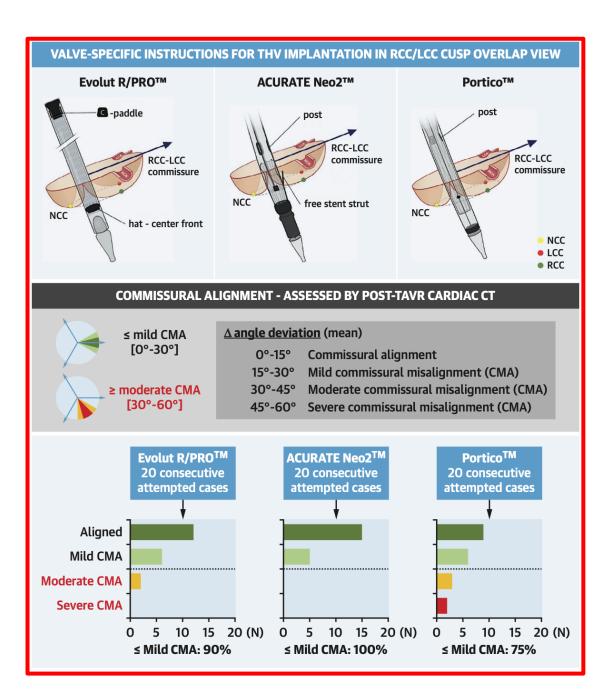
Patient-Specific Implantation Technique to Obtain Neo-Commissural Alignment With Self-Expanding Transcatheter Aortic Valves



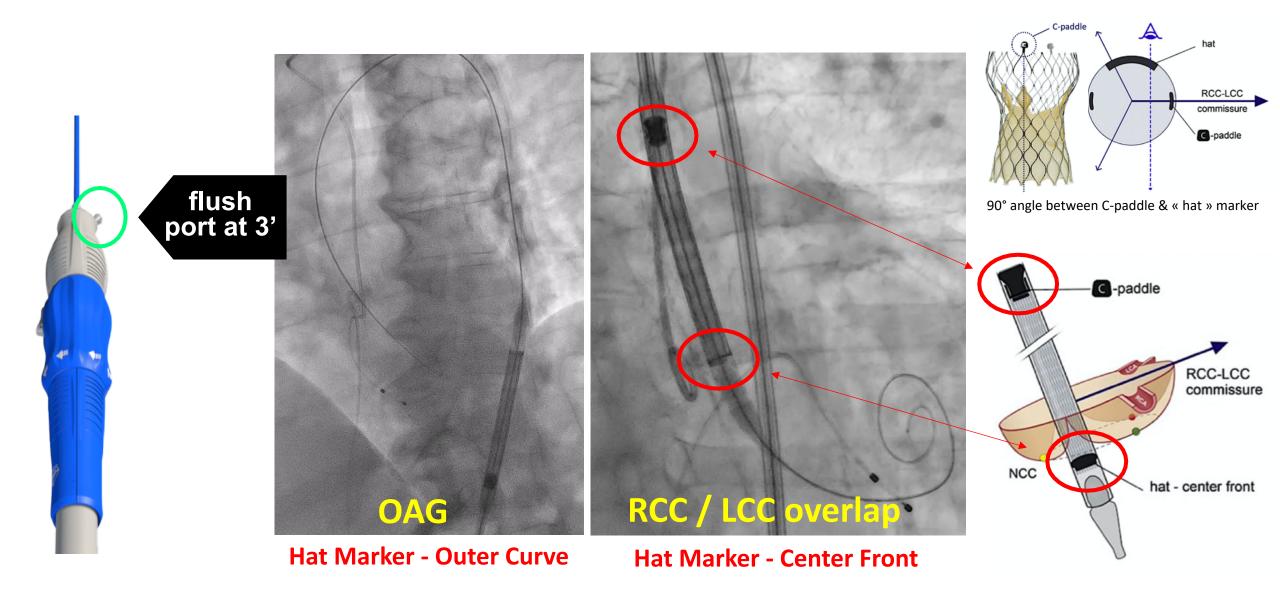
THV MARKERS CORRESPONDING WITH THV COMMISSURE(S)



Bieliauskas G et al. J Am Coll Cardiol Intv

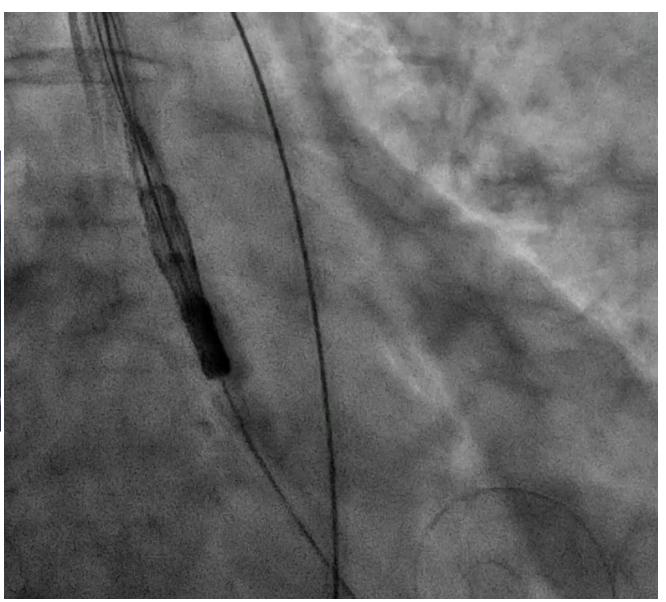


How to achieve commissural alignment in practice

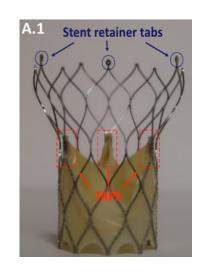


How to achieve commissural alignment in practice





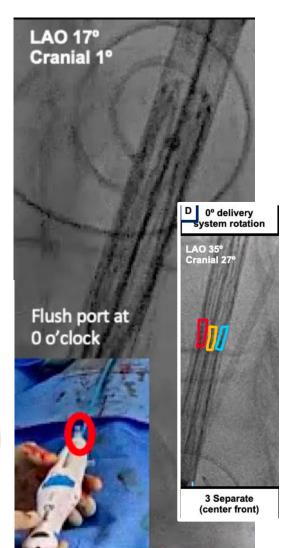
How to achieve commissural alignment in practice

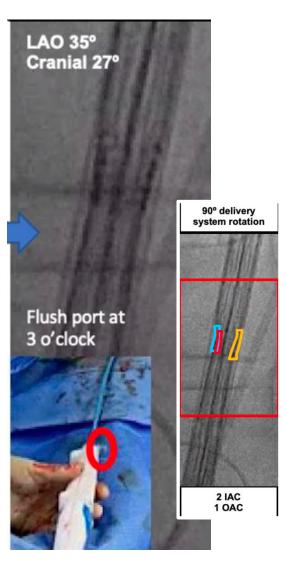


Start with Flush Port at 12 o'clock









Bieliauskas, G. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol Intv. 2021

Tagliari, Eurointervention 2021;17:e152-e155

Commissural alignment with balloon-expandable valves

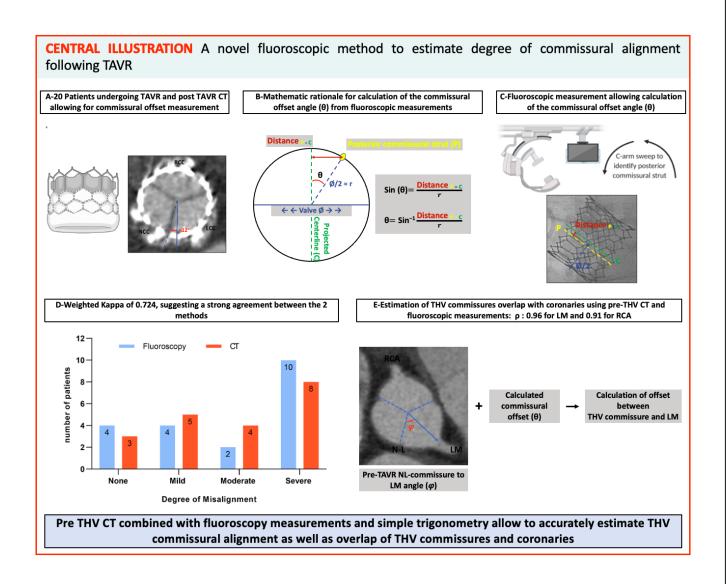
S3 THVs

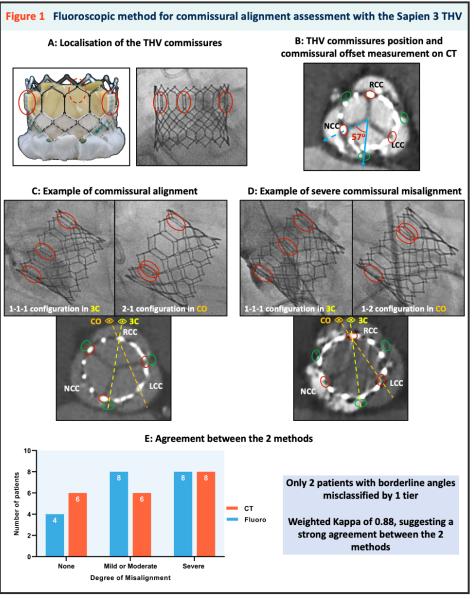
33–43% of moderate or severe misalignment

on Commissural Alignment ar Coronary Artery Verlap Sapien 3 **Evolut ACURATE-neo** "Hat marker position at initial 1 commissure crimped Commissure position at initial Method of Transcat neter **Valve Orientation** at 3, 6, 9 and 12 o'clock deployment deployment • Insert catheter with flush • Insert catheter with flush port **Impact of Initial** port facing 3 o'clock facing 12 o'clock **Deployment Orientation** inment improves when Alignment improves when None on Commissural at" at outer curve (OC)/ commissure at center Alignment nter front (CF) back (CB)/ inner curve (IC) **Severe Overlap With** 32.7%-39.7% 15.7% (OC/CF) vs. 66.0% 0-7.1% (CB/IC) vs. 14.8%-75.9% **Left Main Severe Overlap With** 28.8%-51.6% 7.1% (OC/CF) vs. 51.1% 7.1%-12.5% (CB/IC) vs. 62.1%-74.1% **Right Coronary Artery** Tang, G.H.L. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol In. 2020;13(9):1035-42.

CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION Summary of the ALIGN TAVR Study on Transcatheter Valve Orientation and its Impact

Commissural alignment with balloon-expandable valves

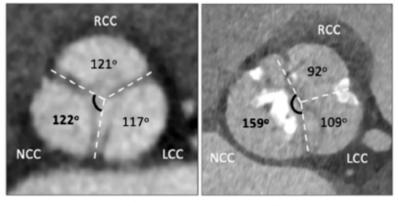




Akodad M, Sathananthan J. et al. JACC Case Rep 2023 Mar 25;13:101804

Limitations

(A) AV CUSP SYMMETRY



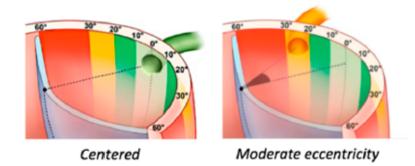
Symmetric

Severely asymmetric

Inter-commissural angle of the largest cusp

120°-125°	symmetric
125°-130°	mildly asymmetric
130°-135°	moderately asymmetric
>135°	severely asymmetric

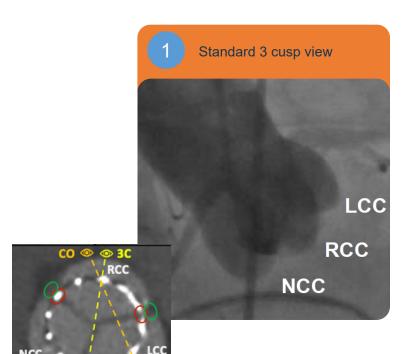
(B) CORONARY OSTIAL ECCENTRICITY

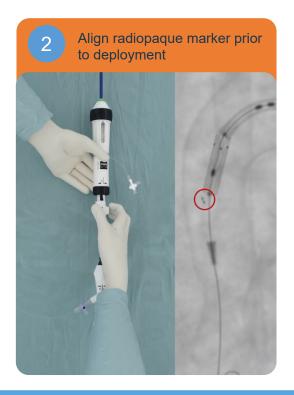


Angle between center-cusp and coronary ostium

0°-10°	centered
10°-20°	mild eccentricity
20°-30°	moderate eccentricity
>30°	severe eccentricity

Glimpse into the future (in France)



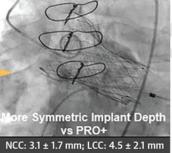


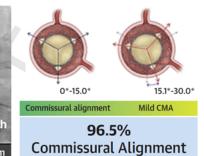


Transfemoral TAVR With Evolut FX 226 Patients, 9 US Centers 6/27/2022-9/16/2022

- Age 80 ± 9, 51.8% Female
- 34.1% Low Surgical Risk
- 4.0% Bicuspid Aortic Valve
- 10.6% Valve-in-valve
- 94.2% Conscious Sedation
- 67.6% Direct Inline Sheath
- 35.4% Lundiquist Stiff Wire Use
- 98.4% "Hat" marker at Optimal Orientation during Deployment







Take-home message

• Further coronary access and repeatability are crucial in younger TAVR patients

• Less than moderate commissural misalignment can be achieved with self-expandable THVs

Next-generation devices may allow for more accurate commissural alignment

CT-based patient specific simulation may be helpful in some cases















Thank you for your attention

